

Return to 1616 Animal Factsheets



Find the key facts for each of the *Return to 1616* animals from the [Animal Factsheets](#) including the: greater stick-nest rat, chuditch, heath mouse, mouse, western grasswren, Shark Bay bandicoot, Woylie, banded hare-wallaby, Shark Bay mouse, rufous hare-wallaby, brush-tailed mulgara, boodie, desert mouse, and dibbler.

Greater stick-nest rat

Lepidobates longicaudus

CD

Description: The greater stick-nest rat is a native rodent found in South Australia from the coastal plains and western slopes to inland. It has a long tail and a long, narrow body. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	170-200mm
Tail:	170-200mm
Average weight:	80-100g
Gestation:	40 days
Number of young:	1-4
Weaned:	8 weeks

Conservation Status

Least concern (LC) - This species is common and widespread in South Australia. It is not considered to be at risk of extinction.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The greater stick-nest rat is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Chuditch (western quoll)

Dasyurus geoffroyi

VU

Description: The chuditch is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a carnivore and feeds on a variety of insects and small mammals.

Quick facts

Head body:	200-250mm
Tail:	200-250mm
Average weight:	1.5-2kg
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The chuditch is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Heath mouse

Pseudomys penhrynensis

VU

Description: The heath mouse is a native rodent found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The heath mouse is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Western grasswren

Amphispiza bilineata

P

Description: The western grasswren is a native bird found in South Australia. It is a diurnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of insects and small mammals.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Least concern (LC) - This species is common and widespread in South Australia. It is not considered to be at risk of extinction.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The western grasswren is a diurnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Shark Bay bandicoot

Perameles nasuta

VU

Description: The Shark Bay bandicoot is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The Shark Bay bandicoot is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Banded hare-wallaby

Lepus dorsalis

VU

Description: The banded hare-wallaby is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The banded hare-wallaby is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Shark Bay mouse

Pseudomys penhrynensis

VU

Description: The Shark Bay mouse is a native rodent found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The Shark Bay mouse is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Rufous hare-wallaby

Lepus dorsalis

VU

Description: The rufous hare-wallaby is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The rufous hare-wallaby is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Brush-tailed mulgara

Dasyurus sp.

P

Description: The brush-tailed mulgara is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Least concern (LC) - This species is common and widespread in South Australia. It is not considered to be at risk of extinction.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The brush-tailed mulgara is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Boodie (burrowing bettong)

Bettongia lesueur

CD

Description: The boodie is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Least concern (LC) - This species is common and widespread in South Australia. It is not considered to be at risk of extinction.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The boodie is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Desert mouse

Pseudomys penhrynensis

S

Description: The desert mouse is a native rodent found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Least concern (LC) - This species is common and widespread in South Australia. It is not considered to be at risk of extinction.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The desert mouse is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.

Dibbler

Macrotis lagotis

VU

Description: The dibbler is a native marsupial found in South Australia. It is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland. It is a herbivore and feeds on a variety of plants and insects.

Quick facts

Head body:	100-120mm
Tail:	80-100mm
Average weight:	30-40g
Gestation:	10-12 days
Number of young:	2-6
Weaned:	8-10 weeks

Conservation Status

Vulnerable (VU) - This species is at risk of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation.

OS CD VU EN CR EX

DID YOU KNOW? The dibbler is a nocturnal animal and is found in a variety of habitats, including coastal dunes, heath, and woodland.